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WELCOME

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We have pleasure in presenting our Audit Planning Report to Governance and Audit Committee of Colchester Borough Council (the 'Council'). This report forms a key part of our communication strategy with you, a strategy which is designed to promote effective two way communication throughout the audit process with those charged with governance.

It summarises the planned audit strategy for the year ending 31 March 2020 in respect of our audit of the financial statements and consolidated entities (together the 'Group') and use of resources; comprising materiality, key audit risks and the planned approach to these, together with timetable and the BDO team.

The planned audit strategy has been discussed with management to ensure that it incorporates developments in the business during the year under review, the results for the year to date and other required scope changes.

We look forward to discussing this plan with you at the Governance and Audit Committee meeting on 10 March 2020 and to receiving your input on the scope and approach.

In the meantime if you would like to discuss any aspects in advance of the meeting please contact one of the team.

Insert named signature

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Xx February 2020



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This report has been prepared solely for the use of the [Audit Committee] and Those Charged with Governance. In preparing this report we do not accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person. For more information on our respective responsibilities please see the appendices.

SCOPE AND MATERIALITY

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This summary provides an overview of the key audit matters that we believe are important to the Governance and Audit Committee in reviewing the planned audit strategy for the Council and Group for the year ending 31 March 2020.

It is also intended to promote effective communication and discussion and to ensure that the audit strategy appropriately incorporates input from those charged with governance.

Audit scope

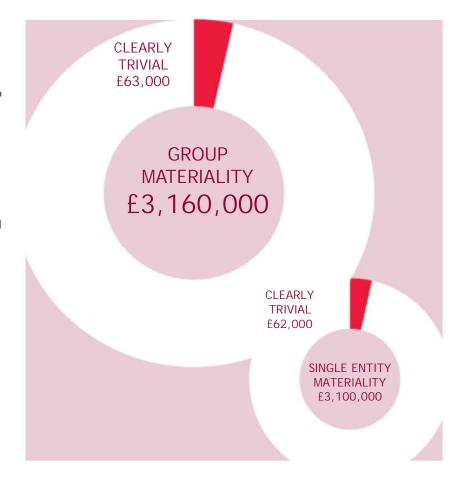
The scope of the audit is determined by the National Audit Office's Code of Audit Practice that sets out what local auditors are required to do to fulfil their statutory responsibilities under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014. This includes: auditing the financial statements; reviewing the arrangements to secure value for money through the economic, efficient and effective use of its resources; and, where appropriate, exercising the auditor's wider reporting powers and duties.

Our approach is designed to ensure we obtain the requisite level of assurance in accordance with applicable laws, appropriate standards and guidance issued by the National Audit Office.

Materiality

Planning materiality for the Council and Group will be set at 2% of gross expenditure for the year (prior year 1.75%). In making this change to the % materiality level we have taking into account our updated audit knowledge and experience and the results of the prior year audit. This will be revisited when the draft financial statements are received for audit.

Although materiality is the judgement of the engagement lead, the Governance and Audit Committee is obliged to satisfy themselves that the materiality chosen is appropriate for the scope of the audit.



AUDIT STRATEGY

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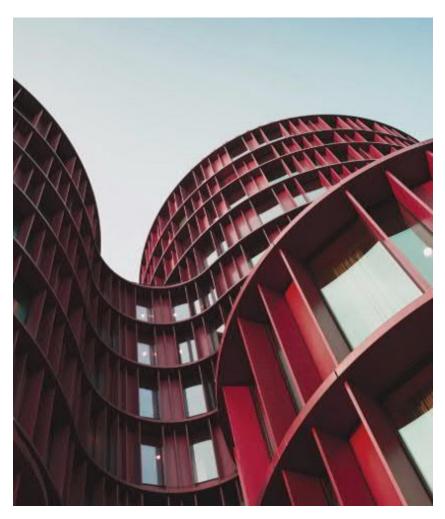
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Our audit strategy is predicated on a risk based approach, so that audit work is focused on the areas of the financial statements where the risk of material misstatement is assessed to be higher, or where there is a risk that the organisation has not made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We have discussed the changes to the Council, systems and controls in the year with management and obtained their own view of potential audit risk in order to update our understanding of the Group's activities and to determine which risks impact on the numbers and disclosures in the financial statements, or on its arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

We will continue to update this assessment throughout the audit.

The table on the next page summarises our planned approach to audit risks identified.

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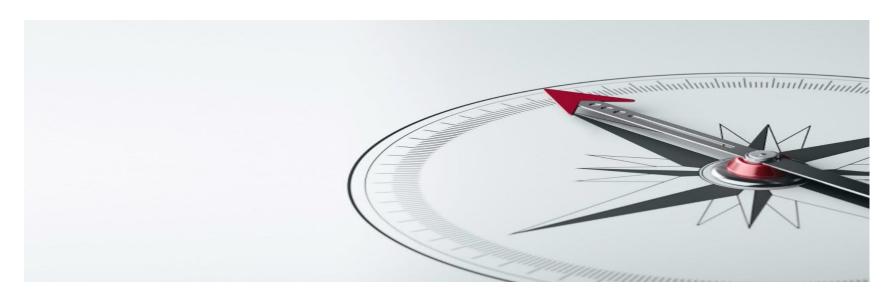
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Risk identified	Risk rating	Fraud risk present	Testing approach	Impact of significant judgements and estimates
Management override of controls	Significant	Yes	Substantive	Medium
Revenue recognition	Significant	Yes	Substantive	Medium
Expenditure cut-off	Significant	Yes	Substantive	Low
Valuation of non-current assets	Significant	No	Substantive	High
Valuation of pension liability	Significant	No	Substantive	High
eFinancials General Ledger System upgrade	Significant	No	Substantive	Low
Sustainable finances (use of resources)	Significant	N/A	Detailed review	N/A



INDEPENDENCE AND FEES

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Independence

We confirm that the firm complies with the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard for Auditors and, in our professional judgement, is independent and objective within the meaning of those Standards.

Fees

	2019/20	2018/19
Code audit fee	£48,188	£48,188
Total audit fees	£48,188	£48,188
Fees for non-audit services - audit related:		
Certification of housing benefits subsidy claim	£13,640	£13,640
Certification of pooled housing capital receipts return	£4,750	£4,750
Total non-audit services fees	£18,390	£18,390
Total fees	£66,578	£66,578

Amendments to the proposed fees

The 2019/20 planned Code fee is the PSAA-published level. The Scale is based on the historical position from 2012/13 and so does not reflect any of the changes in audit scope and depth linked to current audit requirements for property, plant and equipment or pensions liability valuation work or group accounts work. Discussions on the total fee impact will be held initially with officers in the context of detailed operational planning and interim audit scope so as to best mitigate increases.

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Audit scope and objectives

Key components of our audit objectives and strategy for the Group are highlighted and explained on the following pages.

Audit planning is a collaborative and continuous process and our audit strategy, as reflected here, will be reviewed and updated as our audit progresses.

We will communicate any significant changes to our audit strategy, should the need for such change arise.

Reporting	Objectives
Auditing standards	We will perform our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing UK (ISAs (UK)) and relevant guidance published by the National Audit Office.
Financial statements	We will express an opinion on the Council and Group financial statements, prepared in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting 2019/20 and other directions.
Statement of Accounts	In addition to our objectives regarding the financial statements, we will also read and consider the other information contained in the Statement of Accounts to consider whether there is a material inconsistency between the other information and the financial statements or other information and our knowledge obtained during the audit.
Use of Resources	We will report whether we consider that the Council has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.
Additional powers and duties	Where necessary we may be required to: issue of a report in the public interest; make a written recommendation to the Council; allow local electors to raise questions and objections on the accounts; or exercise legal powers to apply to the courts for a declaration that an item of account is contrary to law, issue an advisory notice or an application for a judicial review.
Report to the Governance and Audit Committee	Prior to the approval of the financial statements, we will discuss our significant findings with the Governance and Audit Committee. We will highlight key accounting and audit issues as well as internal control findings and any other significant matters arising from the audit.

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As Group auditor we are required to design an audit strategy to ensure we have obtained the required audit assurance for each component for the purposes of our Group audit opinion ISA (UK) 600

A high-level overview of how we have designed the Group audit strategy is summarised below to ensure you have clear oversight of the scope of the work we intend to perform on each entity.

Audit Risks, covered later in this report, are cross referenced to each entity to provide clarity over how these arise within your business and where the focus of the audit work will be.

The clearly trivial threshold for all components has been set at the Group level, being £63,000.



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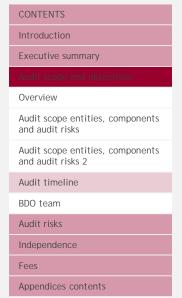
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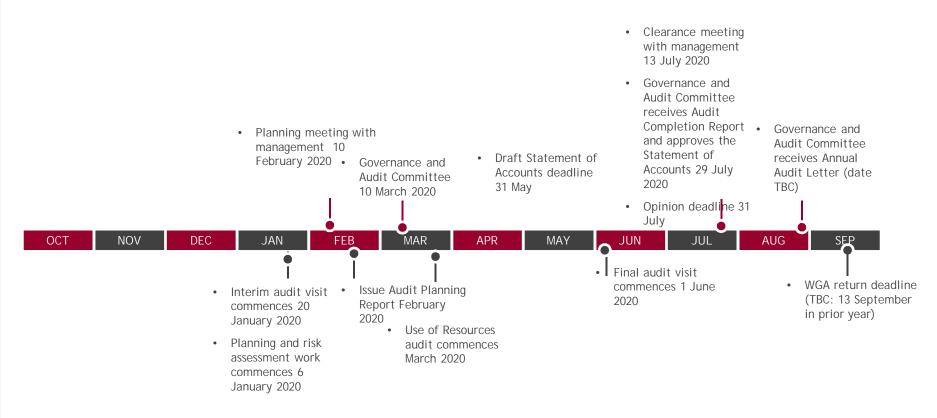
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Entity	Nature of Operations	Audit classification	Reason for classification	Audit Risks	Audit strategy
Colchester Borough Homes Ltd	Provision of housing on behalf of the local authority. (ALMO 100% owned by the Council)	Non Significant component	Size and Risk	N/A	Analytical review at group level of the financial information and other specified procedures.
Colchester Community Stadium	Responsible for the effective running of the entire Community Stadium.	Non significant	Size and Risk	N/A	Desktop review to confirm below materiality levels
Ltd	(100% owned by the Council)	component			The Council excludes this component in the group financial statements as it does not make a material difference to the reader of the financial statements.
Colchester commercial (Holdings) Ltd	To enable Colchester Borough Council to operate its direct trading services and development functions within a more commercial culture and environment to address the challenges of ongoing Council-wide budget reductions.	Colchester Amphora Trading Limited- Non significant component		nd Risk N/A	Analytical review at group level of the financial information and other specified procedures.
	(100% owned by the Council)	The remaining ones are not material.			
	The company owns the following subsidiary companies (100% by shares): Colchester Amphora Energy Limited; Colchester Amphora Homes Limited and Colchester Amphora Trading Limited				
North Essex Garden Communities Ltd	The purpose of the Company is to hold shares in each of the three Local Delivery	Non significant	N/A	N/A	Desktop review to confirm below materiality levels
	Vehicles (LDV's), to coordinate funding of the LDV's and to oversee and hold to account the LDV's in the development of three potential garden communities in the area of North Essex.	component			The Council excludes this component in the group financial statements as it does not make a material difference to the reader of the financial statements.
	(25% owned by the Council, equal ownership with Essex County Council, Tendring District Council and Brainree District Council)				manetal statements.

AUDIT TIMELINE

An overview of the key dates





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opinion is given.

accordance with our findings.

the team as set out here.

guidance published by the National Audit Office.



Alison Langridge

Manager

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I will lead on the audit of the Council. I work closely with Lisa Clampin to develop and execute the audit strategy. I will be a key point of contact on a day to day basis and will ensure that timelines are carefully managed to ensure that deadlines are met and matters to be communicated to management and the Governance and Audit Committee are highlighted on a timely basis.

As audit engagement lead I have primary responsibility to ensure that the appropriate audit

In meeting this responsibility I ensure that the audit has resulted in obtaining sufficient and

appropriate evidence to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to

I will ensure that we have undertaken sufficient work to assess the Council's arrangements

I am responsible for the overall quality of the engagement and am supported by the rest of

for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of its resources against the

report on the financial statements and communicate as required by the ISAs (UK), in



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Audit senior

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I will be responsible for the day to day supervision of the audit team, and will be responsible for the delivery of the key audit work.

AUDIT RISK

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Audit risks

We have assessed the following as audit risks. These are matters assessed as most likely to cause a material misstatement in the financial statements or impact on our use of resources opinion and include those that will have the greatest effect on audit strategy, the allocation of audit resources and the amount of audit focus by the engagement team.

Key: Significant / Normal

Description of risk	Significant risk	Normal risk	Overview of risk
1. Management override of controls			Auditing standards presume that management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud by overriding controls.
2. Revenue recognition			Auditing standards presume that income recognition presents a fraud risk. For the Council, we consider the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition to be in respect of the accuracy and existence of revenue grants which have conditions attached.
3. Expenditure cut-off			For public sector bodies the risk of fraud related to expenditure is also relevant.
4. Valuation of non- current assets			The valuation of non-current assets is a significant risk as it involves a high degree of estimation uncertainty.
5. Valuation of pension liability			The valuation of the pension liability is a significant risk as it involves a high degree of estimation uncertainty.
6. eFinancials General Ledger System upgrade			The Council's general ledger, eFinancials, will be upgraded during the year to move from version 4.1 to version 5.1 system. The upgrade is being treated as a major upgrade by the Council and a full system implementation is being undertaken. Data migration will be undertaken and therefore there is a risk that balances are not transferred correctly resulting in a material misstatement to the financial statements.
8. Sustainable finances (use of resources)			The update to the Medium Term Financial Forecast (MTFF) to 2023/24 has forecast further reductions in Government core grant funding. The Council has a track record of successfully achieving savings plans in previous years, largely from its commercialisation agenda. A balanced budget was set for 2019/20, however a cumulative budget gap of £2.5 million is forecast over the MTFF period.

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Auditing standards presume that management is in a unique position to perpetrate fraud by overriding controls.

Significant risk

Normal risk

Fraud risk

Assess design & implementation of controls to mitigate

Significant Management estimates & judgements

Controls testing approach

Substantive testing approach

Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

 ISA (UK) 240 - The auditor's responsibilities relating to fraud in an audit of financial statements requires us to presume that the risk of management override of controls is present and significant in all entities.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

- Review and verification of journal entries made in the year, agreeing the journals to supporting documentation. We will determine key risk characteristics to filter the population of journals. We will use our IT team to assist with the journal extraction;
- Review of estimates and judgements applied by management in the financial statements to assess their appropriateness and the existence of any systematic bias; and
- Review of unadjusted audit differences for indications of bias or deliberate misstatement.



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Auditing standards presume that income recognition presents a fraud risk.

Significant risk

Normal risk

Fraud risk

Assess design & implementation of controls to mitigate

Significant Management estimates & judgements

Controls testing approach

Substantive testing approach

Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

Under auditing standards there is a presumption that income recognition presents a fraud risk. For the Council, we consider the risk of fraudulent revenue recognition to be in respect of the accuracy and existence of revenue grants which have conditions attached.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

• Test an increased sample of grants subject to performance conditions to confirm that conditions of the grant have been met before the income is recognised in the CIES.

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For public sector bodies the risk of fraud related to expenditure is also relevant.

Significant risk

Normal risk

Fraud risk

Assess design & implementation of controls to mitigate

Significant Management estimates & judgements

Controls testing approach

Substantive testing approach

Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

For net-spending bodies in the public sector there is also risk of fraud related to expenditure. For the Council, we consider the risk of fraud to be in respect of the cut-off of expenditure at year-end.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

• Checking that expenditure is recognised in the correct accounting period by substantively testing expenditure around year-end.

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Significant risk

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Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

Local authorities are required to ensure that the carrying value of land, buildings and dwellings is not materially different to the current value (operational assets) or fair value (surplus assets, assets held for sale and investment properties) at the balance sheet date. There is a risk over the valuation of these assets due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty and where updated valuations have not been provided for a class of assets at the year-end.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

- Reviewing the instructions provided to the valuer and the valuer's skills and expertise in order to determine if we can rely on the management expert;
- Confirming that the basis of valuation for assets valued in year is appropriate based on their usage;
- Reviewing accuracy and completeness of information provided to the valuer, such as rental agreements and sizes;
- Reviewing assumptions used by the valuer and movements against relevant indices for similar classes of assets:
- Following up valuation movements that appear unusual; and
- Confirming that assets not specifically valued in the year have been assessed to ensure their reported values remain materially correct.

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The valuation of the pension liability is a significant risk as it involves a high degree of estimation uncertainty

Significant risk

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Assess design & implementation of controls to mitigate

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Controls testing approach

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Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

The valuation of the defined benefit obligation is a complex calculation involving a number of significant judgements and assumptions. The actuarial estimate of the pension fund liability uses information on current, deferred and retired member data and applies various actuarial assumptions over pension increases, salary increases, mortality, commutation take up and discount rates to calculate the net present value of the liability.

There is a risk that the membership data and cash flows provided to the actuary at year end may not be accurate, and that the actuary uses inappropriate assumptions to value the liability. Relatively small adjustments to assumptions used can have a material impact on the Council's share of the scheme liability.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

- Agreeing the disclosures to the information provided by the pension fund actuary;
- Reviewing the competence of the management expert (actuary);
- Reviewing the reasonableness of the assumptions used in the calculation against other local government actuaries and other observable data;
- Reviewing the controls in place for providing accurate membership data to the actuary;
- Contacting the pension fund auditor and requesting confirmation of the controls in place for providing accurate membership data to the actuary and testing of that data; and
- Checking that any significant changes in membership data have been communicated to the actuary.

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There is a risk that balances are not transferred correctly resulting in a material misstatement to the financial statements

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Significant Management estimates & judgements

Controls testing approach

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Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

The Council's general ledger, eFinancials, has been upgraded during the year to move to a different version. The upgrade is being treated as a major upgrade by the Council and a full system implementation is being undertaken. Data migration will be undertaken and therefore there is a risk that balances are not transferred correctly resulting in a material misstatement to the financial statements.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

• We will review the system implementation procedures undertaken by the Council. We will test the data migration to ensure that balances have been appropriately transferred between the old system and the new system.

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The Council will need to deliver it savings and achieve income targets to maintain financial sustainability in the medium term and there is a risk that these projections will not be met.

Significant risk

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Assess design & implementation of controls to mitigate

Significant Management estimates & judgements

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Risk highlighted by Council

Risk detail

The update to the Medium Term Financial Forecast (MTFF) to 2023/24 has forecast further reductions in Government core grant funding. The Council has a track record of successfully achieving savings plans in previous years, largely from its commercialisation agenda. A balanced budget was set for 2019/20, however a cumulative budget gap of £2.5 million is forecast over the MTFF period.

Planned audit approach

Our audit procedures will include the following:

- Review the assumptions used in the Medium Term Financial Forecast, particularly around the likely levels of income from commercial activities;
- Monitor the delivery of the budgeted savings in 2019/20 and the plans to deliver identified savings for 2020/21;
- · Sample a number of savings schemes and plans; and
- Hold interviews with key officers.

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Fraud

Whilst the Directors of the Council have ultimate responsibility for prevention and detection of fraud, we are required to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, including those arising as a result of fraud. Our audit approach includes the consideration of fraud throughout the audit and includes making enquiries of management and those charged with governance.

We have not been made aware of any actual, alleged or suspected incidences of fraud. We request confirmation from the Governance and Audit Committee on fraud and a discussion on the controls and processes in place to ensure timely identification and action.

Management believe that there is low risk of material misstatement arising from fraud and that controls in operation would prevent or detect material fraud.

Internal audit

We will ensure that we maximise the benefit of the overall audit effort carried out by internal audit and ourselves, whilst retaining the necessary independence of view.

We will review the reports issued by the Council's internal audit function although we do not plan place reliance on their work in respect of their assessment of control processes.

Laws and regulations

We will consider compliance with laws and regulations. The most significant of these for your organisation includes VAT legislation, Employment Taxes, Health and Safety and the Bribery Act 2010. We will make enquiries of management and review correspondence with the relevant authorities.

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Accounting policies

We will report to you on significant qualitative aspects of your chosen accounting policies. We will consider the consistency and application of the policies and we will report to you where accounting policies are inconsistent with the CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting 2019/20, applicable accounting standards or other direction under the circumstances.

Significant accounting estimates and judgements

We will report to you on significant accounting estimates and judgements. We will seek to understand and perform audit testing procedures on accounting estimates and judgements including consideration of the outcome of historical judgements and estimates. We will report to you our consideration of whether management estimates and judgements are within an acceptable range.

Financial statement disclosures

We will report to you on the sufficiency and content of your financial statement disclosures.

Related parties

Whilst you are responsible for the completeness of the disclosure of related party transactions in the financial statements, we are also required to consider related party transactions in the context of fraud as they may present greater risk for management override or concealment or fraud. Our audit approach includes the consideration of related party transactions throughout the audit including making enquiries of management and the Governance and Audit Committee.

Any other matters

We will report to you on any other matters relevant to the overseeing of the financial reporting process. Where applicable this includes why we consider a significant accounting practice that is acceptable under the financial reporting framework not to be the most appropriate.

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Directors are required to make an assessment of the Council's ability to continue as a going concern.

Directors' responsibilities

It is the Directors' responsibility to make an assessment of the Council's ability to continue as a going concern to support the basis of preparation for the financial statements and disclosures in the financial statements. This is a requirement of the accounting standards.

This assessment should be supported by detailed cash flow forecasts with clear details of the key underlying assumptions, consideration of available finance throughout the forecast period, and a consideration of the forecast's sensitivity to reasonably possible variations in those assumptions along with any other relevant factors.

The going concern assessment should cover a minimum of 12 months from the date of the directors' approval of the financial statements. However, consideration should also be given to any major events or circumstances that may fall outside this period.

Audit responsibilities

Our responsibilities in respect of going concern are:

- (a) To obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding, and conclude on, i) whether a material uncertainty related to going concern exists; and ii) the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements; and
- (b) To report in accordance with ISA (UK) 570.

We will obtain an understanding of the business model, objectives, strategies and related business risk, the measurement and review of the Council's financial performance including forecasting and budgeting processes and the Council's risk assessment process. We will evaluate:

- a) The Directors' method, including the relevance and reliability of underlying data used to make the assessment, whether assumptions and changes to assumptions from prior years are appropriate and consistent with each other.
- b) The Directors' plans for future actions in relation to the going concern assessment including whether such plans are feasible in the circumstances.
- c) The adequacy and appropriateness of disclosures in the financial statements regarding the going concern assessment and any material uncertainties that may exist.

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IT General Controls (ITGCs) are the policies and procedures that relate to many IT applications and support the effective functioning of application controls by helping to ensure the continued proper operation of information systems. They commonly include controls over data center and network operations; system software acquisition, change and maintenance; access security; and application system acquisition, development, and maintenance.

ITGCs are an important component in systems of internal control, and sometimes have a direct impact on the reliability of other controls.

IT assurance is embedded in our audit strategy to ensure the IT systems provide a suitable platform for the control environment and is undertaken in conjunction with our IT Assurance team. Our testing strategy includes a tailored range of data analytics, system configuration and IT environment testing.

We will also obtain an understanding of the information system, including the related business processes relevant to financial reporting, to include:

- eFinancials
- Capita;
- iTrent and
- Cipfa Asset Module.



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Under ISAs (UK) and the FRC's Ethical Standard we are required, as auditors, to confirm our independence.

We have embedded the requirements of the auditing standards in our methodologies, tools and internal training programmes. Our internal procedures require that audit engagement leads are made aware of any matters which may reasonably be thought to bear on the integrity, objectivity or independence of the firm, the members of the engagement team or others who are in a position to influence the outcome of the engagement.

This document considers such matters in the context of our audit for the year ending 31 March 2020.

It has been brought to our attention that a junior member of staff within the department has a family member that works for the Council, as a safeguard this member of staff is prohibited from being a part of the engagement team at any time.

We have not identified any other relationships or threats that may reasonably be thought to bear on our objectivity and independence.

We confirm that the firm, the engagement team and other partners, directors, senior managers and managers conducting the audit comply with relevant ethical requirements including the FRC's Ethical Standard and are independent of the Council.

We also confirm that we have obtained confirmation that external audit experts involved in the audit comply with relevant ethical requirements including the FRC's Ethical Standard and are independent of the Council and the Group.

Should you have any comments or queries regarding any independence matters we would welcome their discussion in more detail.

Non-audit services

Details of services, other than audit, provided by us to the Group during the period and up to the date of this report are set out in the fees table on the following page.

Should you have any comments or queries regarding any independence matters we would welcome their discussion in more detail.

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Fees for year ending 31 March 2020 and prior year

	2019/20	2018/19
Code audit fee	£48,148	£48,148
Additional audit fee: xxx	-	-
Total audit fees	£48,148	£48,148
Fees for non-audit services - audit related:		
Certification of housing benefits subsidy claim	£13,640	£13,640
 Certification of pooled housing capital receipts return 	£4,750	£4,750
Other non-audit services	-	-
Total non-audit services fees	£18,390	£18,390
Total fees	£66,578	£66,578





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Financial reporting

The Council is expected to have effective governance arrangements to deliver its objectives. To this end, the publication of the financial statements is an essential means by which the Council accounts for its stewardship and use of the public money at its disposal.

The form and content of the Council's financial statements, and any additional schedules or returns for consolidation purposes, should reflect the requirements of the relevant accounting and reporting framework in place and any applicable accounting standards or other direction under the circumstances.

The Council is also required to prepare schedules or returns to facilitate the preparation of consolidated accounts such as HM Treasury's Whole of Government Accounts.

The Section 151 Officer is responsible for preparing and filing a Statement of Accounts and financial statements which show a true and fair view in accordance with CIPFA Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting 2019/20, applicable accounting standards or other direction under the circumstances.

Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve management nor those charged with governance of their responsibilities for the preparation of materially accurate financial statements.

Use of resources

Councils are required to maintain an effective system of internal control that supports the achievement of their policies, aims and objectives while safeguarding and securing value for money from the public funds and other resources at their disposal.

As part of the material published with its financial statements, the Council is required to bring together commentary on its governance framework and how this has operated during the period in a Governance Statement.

In preparing its Governance Statement, the Council will tailor the content to reflect its own individual circumstances, consistent with the requirements of the relevant accounting and reporting framework and having regard to any guidance issued in support of that framework. This includes a requirement to provide commentary on their arrangements for securing value for money from their use of resources.

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Our responsibilities and reporting - financial reporting

We are responsible for performing our audit under International Standards on Auditing (UK) to form and express an opinion on your financial statements. We report our opinion on the financial statements to the members of the Council.

We read and consider the 'other information' contained in the Statement of Accounts such as the additional narrative reports. We will consider whether there is a material inconsistency between the other information and the financial statements or other information and our knowledge obtained during the audit.

Our responsibilities and reporting - use of resources

We are required to satisfy ourselves that the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources.

This means that we have regard to relevant guidance issued by the National Audit Office and undertake sufficient work to be able to satisfy ourselves as to whether the Council has put arrangements in place that support the achievement of value for money.

What we don't report

Our audit is not designed to identify all matters that may be relevant to the Council and the Governance and Audit Committee and cannot be expected to identify all matters that may be of interest to you and, as a result, the matters reported may not be the only ones which exist.



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Those charged with governance

References in this report to those charged with governance ('TCWG') are to the Council as a whole. For the purposes of our communication with those charged with governance you have agreed we will communicate primarily with the Governance and Audit Committee.

In communicating with the Governance and Audit Committee, representing TCWG of the parent and the Group, we consider TCWG of subsidiary entities to be informed about matters relevant to their subsidiary. Please let us know if this is not appropriate.

Communication, meetings and feedback

We request feedback from you on our planning and completion report to promote two way communication throughout the audit process and to ensure that all risks are identified and considered; and at completion that the results of the audit are appropriately considered. We will meet with management throughout the audit process. We will issue regular updates and drive the audit process with clear and timely communication, bringing in the right resource and experience to ensure efficient and timely resolution of issues.

Audit Planning Report

The Audit Planning Report sets out all planning matters which we want to draw to your attention including audit scope, our assessment of audit risks and materiality.

Internal Controls

We will consider internal controls relevant to the preparation of financial statements in order to design our audit procedures and complete our work. This is not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

Audit Completion Report

At the conclusion of the audit, we will issue an Audit Completion Report to communicate to you key audit findings before concluding our audit opinion. We will include any significant deficiencies in internal controls which we identify as a result of performing audit procedures. We will meet with you to discuss the findings and in particular to receive your input on areas of the financial statements involving significant estimates and judgements and critical accounting policies.

Once we have discussed the contents of the Audit Completion Report with you and having resolved all outstanding matters we will issue a final version of the report.

INDEPENDENCE

TEAM MEMBER ROTATION

This table indicates the latest rotation periods normally permitted under the independence rules of the FRC's Ethical Standard.

In order to safeguard audit quality we will employ a policy of gradual rotation covering the team members as well as other senior members of the engagement team to ensure a certain level of continuity from year to year.

Independence - engagement team rotation

Senior team members	Number of years involved	Rotation to take place after
Lisa Clampin Engagement lead	2	9 years
Alison Langridge Manager	2	9 years

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Concept and definition

The concept of materiality is fundamental to the preparation of the financial statements and the audit process and applies not only to monetary misstatements but also to disclosure requirements and adherence to appropriate accounting principles and statutory requirements.

We apply the concept of materiality both in planning and performing our audit, and in evaluating the effect of misstatements. For planning, we consider materiality to be the magnitude by which misstatements, including omissions, could influence the economic decisions of reasonable users that are taken on the basis of the financial statements. In order to reduce to an appropriately low level the probability that any misstatements exceed materiality, we use a lower materiality level, performance materiality, to determine the extent of testing needed. Importantly, misstatements below these levels will not necessarily be evaluated as immaterial as we also take account of the nature of identified misstatements, and the particular circumstances of their occurrence, when evaluating their effect on the financial statements as a whole.

Materiality therefore has qualitative as well as quantitative aspects and an item may be considered material, irrespective of its size, if it has an impact on (for example):

- Narrative disclosure e.g. accounting policies, going concern; and
- Instances when greater precision is required (e.g. Remuneration and Staff Report and related party transactions).

International Standards on Auditing (UK) also allow the auditor to set a lower level of materiality for particular classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures for which misstatements of lesser amounts than materiality for the financial statements as a whole could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Calculation and determination

We have determined materiality based on professional judgement in the context of our knowledge of the Group, including consideration of factors such as industry developments, financial stability and reporting requirements for the financial statements.

We determine materiality in order to:

- · Assist in establishing the scope of our audit engagement and audit tests;
- Calculate sample sizes; and
- Assist in evaluating the effect of known and likely misstatements on the Group financial statements.

Reassessment of materiality

We will reconsider materiality if, during the course of our audit engagement, we become aware of facts and circumstances that would have caused us to make a different determination of planning materiality if we had been aware.

Further, when we have performed all our tests and are ready to evaluate the results of those tests (including any misstatements we detected) we will reconsider whether materiality combined with the nature, timing and extent of our auditing procedures, provided a sufficient audit scope.

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If we conclude that our audit scope was sufficient, we will use materiality to evaluate whether uncorrected misstatements (individually or in aggregate) are material.

You should be aware that any misstatements that we identify during our audit, both corrected and uncorrected errors, might result in additional audit procedures being necessary.

Unadjusted errors

We will communicate to you all uncorrected misstatements identified during our audit, other than those which we believe are 'clearly trivial'.

Clearly trivial is defined as matters which will be of a wholly different (smaller) order of magnitude than the materiality thresholds used in the audit, and will be matters that are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate.

We will obtain written representations from the Governance and Audit Committee confirming that in their opinion these uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, both individually and in aggregate and that, in the context of the financial statements taken as a whole, no adjustments are required.

We will request that you correct all uncorrected misstatements. In particular we would strongly recommend correction of errors whose correction would affect compliance with contractual obligations or governmental regulations. Where you choose not to correct all identified misstatements we will request a written representation from you setting out your reasons for not doing so and confirming that in your view the effects of any uncorrected misstatements are immaterial, individually and in aggregate, to the financial statements as whole.

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BDO's audit quality cornerstones underpin the firm's definition of audit quality.

BDO is committed to audit quality. It is a standing item on the agenda of the Leadership Team, who in conjunction with the Audit Stream Executive, monitors the actions required to maintain a high level of audit quality within the audit stream and address findings from external and internal inspections. We welcome feedback from external bodies and are committed to implementing necessary actions to address their findings.

We recognise the importance of continually seeking to improve audit quality and enhancing certain areas. Alongside reviews from a number of external regulators, the firm undertakes a thorough annual internal Audit Quality Assurance Review and as a member firm of BDO International network we are also subject to a quality review visit every three years. We have also implemented additional quality control review processes for all listed and public interest entities.

More details can be found in our Transparency Report at www.bdo.co.uk

MINDSET

- Scepticism
- Independent
- Focus on the shareholder as user
- Robustness and moral courage.

KNOWLEDGEABLE, SKILLED PEOPLE

- Knowledge of the business
 - Intelligent application of auditing standards
 - Intelligent application of accounting standards
 - Understanding of the control environment.

AUDIT QUALITY CORNERSTONES

- How to assessbenchmarking
- Where to focusrisk-based approach
- How to test audit strategy
- What to test materiality and scope.

DILIGENT PROFESSIONAL JUDGEMENTS

- Audit reports
- Management letter
- Audit Committee Reports
 - Top quality financial statement.

HIGH QUALITY AUDIT OUTPUTS

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Overview

The FRC released their Audit Quality Review (AQR) results for the 7 largest accountancy firms in July 2019 for the review period 2018/19. A copy of all of the reports can be found on the <u>FRC Website</u>. We are very proud of our results in this review period where, for the second year running, 7 of the 8 files reviewed were assessed as either good or requiring only limited improvements.

Firm's results

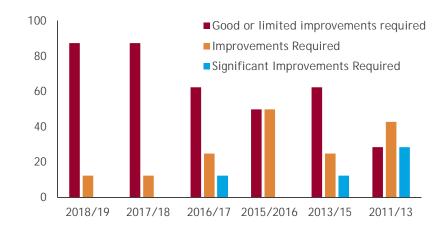
The graphs demonstrates our performance in relation to the other 6 largest firms and our continuous improvements and maintenance of that improvement over the last 6 review periods .

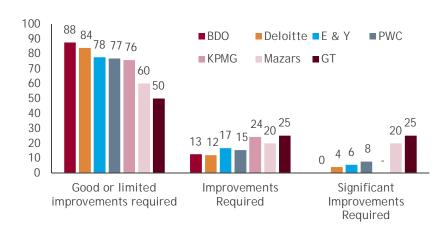
We include details of our model 'The Cycle of Continuous Improvement'. We acknowledge that the firm has performed well over the last few years however we are not complacent and need a strong process in place to maintain this high level of audit quality and deal rapidly and effectively with issues as they arise. This also highlights how our program of root cause analysis plays an important role in high audit quality.

We would encourage you to read our report which includes:

- Details of the root cause analysis we have been undertaking to address issues raised;
- The actions we have/are undertaking to address the issues raised by the AQR; and
- A number of areas of good practice the AQR review team identified whilst undertaking their review.

More details will be included in our Transparency Report which will be available on our www.bdo.co.uk.





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Live files require:

 Review of audit quality by senior team members

and may require:

- Hot review of financial statements
- Technical support for audit work
- Appointment of engagement quality control reviewer

Completed files may be subject to:

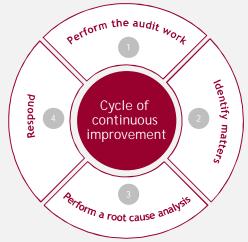
- Internal Audit Quality Assurance Review
- · External review from AQR or QAD

Considerations of how to address:

- Behavioural matters
- Operational changes required
- Cultural matters to be escalated

Responses may include:

- Updating operational practices
- Embedding matter into performance review and development process for staff
- Staff coaching
- Amending audit approach firm-wide or for specific assignments
- Targeted messaging to relevant audiences (e.g. grades, ranks or sector specialists)
- Updated guidance material Responses inform training plans



Nature of matters may be:

- Client/assignment specific issues
- Common findings/repeating issues that have need to be tracked and/or escalated
- Firm-wide matters
- "Best practice" examples

May be at Individual assignment or 'whole-firm' level:

- Identification and assessment of root cause
- Productive process to learn from matters and improve quality
- "Best practice" examples treated in the same way as "issues"
- Consideration of appropriate responses to issues identified, proposed and escalated as appropriate

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

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The matters raised in our report prepared in connection with the audit are those we believe should be brought to your attention. They do not purport to be a complete record of all matters arising. This report is prepared solely for the use of the company and may not be quoted nor copied without our prior written consent. No responsibility to any third party is accepted.

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